



Notice and Acknowledgement of Pay Rate and Payday Under Section 195.1 of the New York State Labor Law Notice for Employees of Temporary Help Firms

1. Temporary Help Firm Information
Name:
Doing Business As (DBA) Name(s):
FEIN (optional):
Physical Address:
Mailing Address:
Phone:

- 2. Notice given:
[ ] At hiring
[ ] Before a change in pay rate (s), allowances claimed or pay day
3. Payday (check one):
[ ] Regular payday:
[ ] Unknown: The payday is based on the payday of the assigned organization.

- 4. Rate of Pay (check one):
[ ] Average Wage Rate Range for Assignment(s):
[ ] Employee's rate (s) of pay:
\$ per
\$ per
\$ per

- 5. Allowances taken:
[ ] None
[ ] Tips per hour
[ ] Meals per meal
[ ] Lodging
[ ] Other

- 6. Pay is:
[ ] Weekly
[ ] Bi-weekly
[ ] Other:

7. Overtime Pay Rate: \$ per hour
For most workers in NYS this rate must be at least 1 1/2 times the regular rate of pay, for all hours worked over 40 per workweek (44 hours for certain residential employees). The Temporary Help Firm should count all hours worked in all assignments during a workweek. Some assignments are only required to receive overtime pay at 1 1/2 times the minimum wage. When you receive your assignment, your employer will tell you the overtime rate and the reason why if you are not eligible for overtime for that assignment.

8. Employee Acknowledgement:
On this day, I received notice of my pay rate, overtime rate (if eligible), allowances, and designated payday. I told my employer what my primary language is.

- Check one:
[ ] I have been given this pay notice in English only, because my primary language is English.
[ ] My primary language is. I have been given this pay notice in English only, because the Department of Labor does not yet offer a pay notice form in my primary language.

Print Employee Name

Applicant/Employee Signature

Date

Preparer Name and Title

The employee must receive a signed copy of this form. The employer must keep the original for 6 years.

Please note: It is unlawful for an employee to be paid less than an employee of the opposite sex for equal work. Employers also may not prohibit employees from discussing wages with their co-workers.